

Fair Honey:

There are settings of this tune in the following manuscript sources:

- -Nether Lorn, ii, 124-7 (with the title "Vuile Vrionich");
- -Angus MacKay, ii, 113 (with the title "A' Mheil Bhraonach Far an [title smudged] Charly Stewart");
- -**Duncan Campbell of Foss**, ff.169-70;
- **–Uilleam Ross**, ff.189-90;
- **–C. S. Thomason**, f.49;
- -**D. S. MacDonald**, ii, 57 (with the title "A Bheel Bhraonach. Charlie Stuart.");
- **–John MacDougall Gillies** f.47 (with the words "are you sad" jotted casually at the foot);
- -David Glen, ff.97-8;
- -Robert Meldrum, ff.235-6;

and in the following published source:

-Ceol Mor, p.238.

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Colin Mór Campbell sets the tune like this:

1 st 2 ^d 3 ^d	Hinde hodroo hinde hoo hinde hodroo hinde hodin hioe hae hioe haem Hinde hodroo hinde hodin hioe hae hioe hae [hioe hae] hioe haem Hinde hodroo hinde hodin hioe hae hioe haem
S 1 st 2 ^d	ffirst Motion Hindili hodroo hindili hoo hindili hodroo hindili hodin hiodili hadili hiodili hiodili hadili hiodili hadili hiodili hiodili hadili hiodili
3^{d}	Hindili hodroo hindili hodin hiodili hadili hiodili haem
D 1 st 2 ^d 3 ^d	Hindili hodili ffour times hiodili hadili hiodili hadili Hindili hodili hindili hodili hiodili hadili ffour times Hindili hodili hindili hodili hiodili hadili hiodili hadili
S 1 st 2 ^d 3 ^d	Second Motion Hinde hoe hinde hoo hinde hoe hinde hodin hioe hae hioe haem Hinde hoe hinde hodin hioe hae hio[e] hae [hioe hae] hioe haem Hinde hoe hinde hodin hioe hae hioe haem
D 1 st 2 ^d 3 ^d	Hinde hoe ffour times hioe hae hioe hae Hinde hoe hinde hoe, hioe hae ffour times Hinde hoe hinde hoe hioe hae hioe hae

Taolive

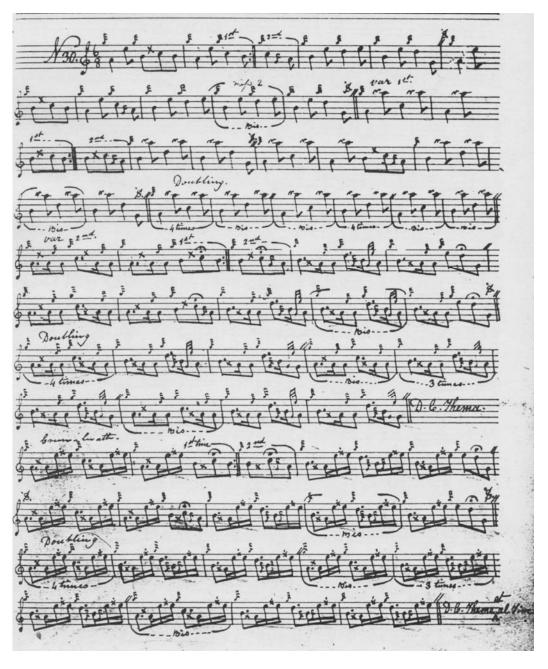


- 1st Hindarid hodarid hindarid hodarid hindarid hodarid hindarid hodarid hindarid hodarid hadarid hindarid hadarid hindarid hodarid hindarid hadarid hindarid hindarid
- 2^d Hindarid hodarid hindarid hodin hiodarid hadarid hiodarid h
- 3^d Hindarid hodarid hindarid hodin hiodarid hadarid hiodarid haem
- D 1st Hindarid hodarid ffour times hiodarid hadarid hiodarid hadarid
- 2d Hindarid hodarid hindarid hodarid, hiodarid hadarid ffour times
- 3d Hindarid hodarid hindarid hodarid hiodarid hadarid hiodarid hadarid
- S Crulive
- 1st Hinbandre hobandre hinbandre hodroo hinbandre hobandre hinbandre hodin hiobandre habandre hiobandre haem
- 2^d Hinbandre hobandre hinbandre hodin hiobandre habandre hiobandre hioban
- 3^d Hinbandre hobandre hinbandre hodin hiobandre habandre hiobandre haem
- D 1st Hinbandre hobandre ffour times hiobandre habandre hiobandre habandre
- 2d Hinbandre hobandre hinbandre hobandre, hiobandre habandre ffour times
- 3d Hinbandre hobandre hinbandre hobandre hibbandre habandre habandre

In his notes to this tune in the *Piobaireachd Society Collection*, ix, 263, Archibald Campbell stated that "The Canntaireachd setting is printed here." He did not point out that the Nether Lorn setting was irregular, and that he, Campbell, had silently supplied an additional bar in line two of the ground, and in variation singlings throughout, indicated in square brackets above, to make the tune up to the expected dimensions.

Angus MacKay sets the tune as follows:





MacKay does not have the siubhal variation singling and doubling we see in Colin Campbell; he also directs that the ground be repeated at the end of the taorluath and crunluath doublings, a point on which Colin Mór is silent.



Duncan Campbell of Foss's setting is very similar to MacKay's but shows signs of not being finished, with 'bis' signs scattered about loosely, and missing bars in the inner variations. It is not reproduced here.

Uilleam Ross's setting is also very similar to MacKay's except that he does not indicate that the ground be repeated after the taorluath doubling. It is not reproduced here.

D. S. MacDonald's setting reflects his source, Angus MacKay, very closely and is not reproduced here.

John MacDougall Gillies's setting also reflects MacKay's treatment of the tune and is developed down to the end of the taorluath doubling. It directs that the ground be repeated at this point and continues "Crunluath off Taorluath." It is not reproduced here.

David Glen takes MacKay's route through the tune, except that he does not indicate that the ground should be repeated at any point.. This score is not reproduced here.

Robert Meldrum records the tune as "Are You Sad Fair Honey A Mhil Bhraonach." His score also follows MacKay and is not reproduced here.

C. S. Thomason's published setting adds nothing stylistically to Angus MacKay. Thomason indicates, as MacKay does, that the ground be repeated at the end of the taorluath and crunluath doublings. This score is not reproduced here.

Commentary:

This is a tightly organised tune offering little obvious opportunity for stylistic variation and most of the manuscript scores are very close to the way MacKay treats it. It is an unassuming little piece of no enormous technical difficulty, and posing relatively few challenges with regard to interpretation. It has obvious affinities with "Mary's Praise," and is widely diffused in the sources. Yet Bob Nicol told the writer that he had never heard it or heard of anybody playing it.

This tune offers interesting insight into the transmission of the tradition during the 20th century. It appears in the list of one hundred or so "Tunes which require a crunluath a mach" first issued in 1989, and recently reproduced in the magazine of the Eastern United States Pipe Band Association *The Voice* (vol.32 no.1, Spring 2003, p.66). It would be interesting to trace how this "requirement" came to be specified, and by whom, because not one of the sources, either published or in manuscript (including those of the Piobaireachd Society), stipulates that a crunluath a mach should be played.

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